# Multimedia content and third-party rights:

# The beauty and complexity of open science in art, design and music

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# open selence artsicesign afiel music

The research project Open Science for Arts, Design, and Music, which involves all Swiss art and design schools, supports the full implementation of Open Access in these fields.

# Background

Since 2024, public funded research in Switzerland must be Open Access. Yet the disciplinary fields of arts, design, and music present challenges that make implementing Swiss Open Access policies in these fields particularly complex.

→ January 2022 - December 2024

# Discipline-specific challenges

Open Access in arts, design and music is complex because it implies:

- → the reuse and distribution of artworks and of third parties content under copyright, not accessible in the public domain and subject to a series of restrictions:
- → the production of a wide range of multimedia outputs that are meaningful artefacts and whose materiality becomes problematic within the realms of the open and the digital.

### Institutions Involved

- → SUPSI (leading house)
- $\rightarrow$  FHNW
- → HES-SO (ECAL, EDHEA, HEAD)
- $\rightarrow$  HKB
- $\rightarrow$  HSLU
- $\rightarrow$  ZHdK

# Endorsed by

- → Swiss Federal Office of Culture
- → Pro Helvetia Swiss Arts Council
- → Swiss National Science Foundation
- → DARIAH-EU Digital Research
  Infrastructure for the Arts and Humanities
- → SARN Swiss Artistic Research Network
- → SDN Swiss Design Network

### Other Partners

- → CCDigitalLaw
- → Creative Commons
- → Triest verlag, Zürich
- → Metis Presses. Geneva
- → Edizioni Casagrande, Bellinzona

# Co-funded by

→ swissuniversities





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# Open Science for Arts, Design and

# Main menu hide Main page Wikimedia News **Translations** Recent changes Random page Help Babel Switch to old look

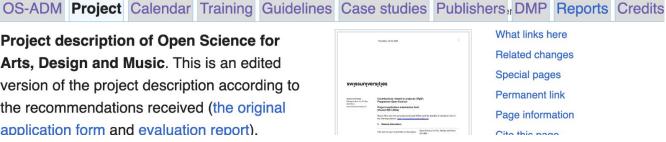
Community

Wikimedia Resource

Music/Project

Content page Discussion Read Edit Edit source View history ☆ < Open Science for Arts, Design and Music

**Project description of Open Science for** Arts, Design and Music. This is an edited version of the project description according to the recommendations received (the original application form and evaluation report).



What links here Related changes Special pages Permanent link Page information

Cito this page

# <u>Guidelines</u>

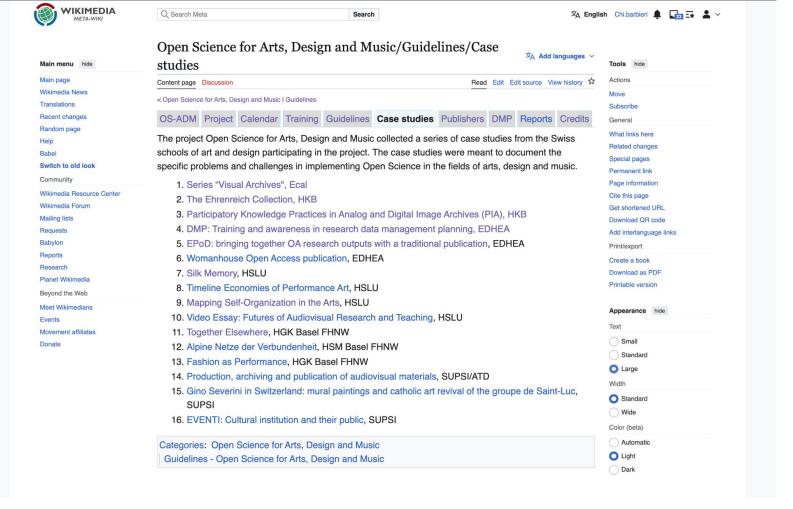
- → Guidelines and solutions to a list of case studies submitted by the project partners;
- → Process-oriented guidelines that show how open access impacts on everyday research practice;
- $\rightarrow$  Best practices in the form of charts,  $\rightarrow$  2022-24: decision trees, templates and checklists:
- → Target users: researchers, teachers and students;
- → Implemented in collaboration CCDigitalLaw.

# **Training**

- → Organisation of webinars and workshops related to open science targeting librarians, researchers, teachers and students;
- → Inclusion of Open Access in the students' curricula;
- - 25 webinars and conversations in collaboration with Creative Commons International, ProLitteris, SNSF, DARIAH-CH...
  - copyright law in Switzerland, open access and institutional communication, Open Educational Resources, Data Management Plan, multimedia publications, open access and performative arts...

# **Publishing**

- → Contacts and discussions with Swiss and international publishers in the field of arts, design and music to negotiate Open Access strategies and to trigger green, gold or diamond Open Access;
- → Alternative forms of multimedia publications focusing in particular on institutional publications.



# Case Studies: shared challenges and needs

- better understanding of open access: criteria, levels of accessibility, re-use of open material
- how to raise publishers' awareness and negotiate with them
- how to fund open access
- advice on long-term sustainability and findability
- how to design a Data Management Plan
- open access and multimedia
  - alternative forms of publications
- need of clarification regarding copyright legislation
  - cc licenses, intellectual property and rights holders, related rights and collective societies, national and international law, fair use and educational purposes
  - need for templates for letters and license agreement

# What We Mean When We Talk About Research Outputs







Websites







Scientific articles

**Publications** Long-form publications Monographies

Photos

**Drawings** 

Technical drawings













Objects / artworks

Software

Hardware

Datasets

Information design

Conceptual artworks













Movies / videos

Music / audio

**Podcast** 

Videogame

**Paintings** 

New materials













**Performances** 

**Events** 

Poster

Interior design

Installations

Collaborative projects

# What We Mean When We Talk About <u>Data</u> (Content)













Research notes

Interviews

**Photos** 

Annotated bibliography

**Drawings** 

Technical drawings













Spreadsheets

Datasets

Surveys

Reports

Maps/charts

Geographic data













Description of the method, workflows



Notes related to the analysis

Transcriptions

**Translations** Software

Website













Audio

Videos

Content from others

Content from GLAMs

Collaborative projects

Research protocol



# Easy to find

- Use repositories which remain open (non-commercial)
- Store content where people can find it
- Store content where potential users are
- Communicate about your data to interested targets
- Free access
- Access without registration
- Use metadata (data understandable by computer)
- Archive it for > 10 years



# Easy to cite

- Include how you want content to be cited (write the exact reference)
- Add attribution in the metadata
- Use a unique identifier (DOI, ISBN)
- Research ethics always require you to cite sources, even if the license/tool doesn't require it



# Easy to (re)use

- Include the license (data in CC0; texts, audio, video in CC BY; when volunteers are involved use CC BY-SA)
- Add to your documentation information which facilitates reuse (e.g. Readme files)
- Open format and standard
- Authorise modifications and derivative works
- Authorise all uses, also commercial use
- Allow integrations through interoperability (which allows collaborations)

# To Open Data What I Need to Consider















You are the Typically, author of texts. content structured produced by data, images, employee videos, or belongs to their audio employer (in academia,

Content is not covered by copyright (data, non-original works) or it is in public domain (> > 70 years after the death of the

Content is under an open license

(preferably

CC BY or

CC BY-SA)

Content belongs to others (collaborators, consultants, partners,

holders.

volunteers)

What you find on the internet copyright

or in books is not open unless explicitly written (CC0, CC BY, CC BY-SA).

The copyright is You have the managed by a right to make ProLitteris for texts and

images of

arts: SSA for

SUISA for

for movies

music: SUISSIMAGE

the research but not to disseminate literature and content or to release it theatre, audio with an open and multimedia: license

GLAMs, other institutions, and companies)

√ Check the

open policy of

author or it is released in CC0 or marked as public domain

√ Use content

from trustful

repositories

√ Use content from trustful repositories

√Written authorisation from the copyright holders to release content preferably under CC BY

√Written √ Pay the fee to authorisation use the content from the author but you can not or publisher sublicense it

√You can make

citations

√ Use content only for the analysis √ Remove it from publication or when archiving with

√Add

restricted

access in

archiving

open licenses

your work with an open license or open tool: CC0 (for metadata and datasets), CC BY (for research) or CC BY-SA

√ If it is you,

you can provide

the institution √Ask for a written authorisation

or CC BY-SA √Written authorisation for the specific

use

# The Open Licenses and Open Tools to Produce Open Data







CC 0 (or analog) Creative Commons Zero

purposes

with Wikidata

CC BY (or analog) Creative Commons Attribution CC BY-SA Creative Commons (or analog)

Data, metadata, datasets Digital reproductions of

Publications, scientific articles, articles, texts, images, audio,

Attribution Share-Alike Projects involving volunteers, open collaborative communities

indigenous communities and

non-academic partners

Documents and content not covered by copyright General texts, images, audio and videos created by an institution for promotional

works in the public domain

videos and interviews signed by authors

> The license of Wikipedia. A license which requires content to remain open (share-alike /

copyleft)

The tool for government data and for content not covered by copyright. It is the tool suggested to GLAMs to release digital reproductions of their collections in the public domain. It is the tool necessary to make data interoperable

The license suggested for Open Science for scientific articles and publications produced by researchers

# How to Share Different Research Data















Signed works

Collaborative projects

Databases/ metadata Institutional websites

Software

Content from GLAMs

Publications, articles, papers, signed texts, videos, audio, drawers, technical drawers, reports, educational resources in When involving volunteers and non-academic partners in

 $\odot$ 

(cc)

Databases produced by research, datasets, metadata, and internal documents (policies, regulations...), aggregated and anonymised data from surveys and interviews in



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Emphasises the value of the collaborations implemented in the frame of citizen science and transdisciplinary projects Make a selection of data available on Wikidata if relevant





## Multimedia content

- → multimedia production: websites, enriched and dynamic multimedia publications, videos, images, interactive visualisations, audio, artworks, derivative works, and with a distinct focus on graphic design and presentation
- → challenge: meaningful translation of this variety of formats and their materiality into networked digital solutions that comply with the requirements of open science
  - current infrastructure is based on text-only publications developed over two decades ago, mostly having STEM disciplines in mind
  - need to experiment and possibly accept compromises

# Third-party rights

- → third-party data owned by creators, curators and cultural institutions – collectively known as GLAMs (galleries, libraries, archives and museums) – as well as publishers, other researchers, individuals, communities, companies and NGOs
- → obtaining permissions, negotiating rights, managing copyright clearance and applying CARE principles while assessing the reuse, storage and release of these diverse sources

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Arts, design and music contribute uniquely to open science by fostering the development of innovative methods, output formats, procedures and alternative forms of publication—advancing open science practices that benefit all disciplines.

Help	Title: Mapping Self-Organization in the Arts	
Babel	Proposed by: HSLU, Lucerne University of Applied Sciences and Arts ₽	Tools hide
Switch to old look	Disciplinary field: visual art	Actions
Community	Communication support: digital (online mapping based on a database) and printed publication	Move
Wikimedia Resource Center	Type of content: images, texts, archival material	Subscribe
	Timeframe of the project: 2014–2019	General
Wikimedia Forum	Author(s): Rachel Mader and Pablo Müller (editors of the printed publication), Peter Spillmann (concept	What links here
Mailing lists	and design of the online mapping)	Related changes
Requests	Third-party copyright owners: artists, cultural workers, ProLitteris	Special pages
Babylon	Grantmakers, sponsors or other funding agencies: SNF	Permanent link
Reports	Wikidata item about the research project: Q129406103	Page information
Research		Cite this page
Planet Wikimedia	Mapping Self-Organization in the Arts [edit   edit   source]	Get shortened URL
Beyond the Web		Download QR code
Meet Wikimedians	Problems/questions [edit   edit source]	Wikidata item
Events	· Copyright: What the copyright status of the images and document used is and how to deal with	Expand all
Movement affiliates	copyright clearance	Add interlanguage links
Donate	<ul> <li>Longevity: How to ensure the longterm viability of the database and website</li> </ul>	Print/export
	<ul> <li>Database: How to make the entire database available for future research</li> </ul>	Create a book
Contents hide	Implementation of the case study [edit   edit source]	Download as PDF
Beginning	ning ng Self-Organization   History of the case study	
Mapping Self-Organization in the Arts		
Problems/questions	✓ DMP Data Management Plan	Wikimedia Commons
Implementation of the case study	✓ Wikidata	Appearance hide
Case study of the project Open Science		Appearance mue

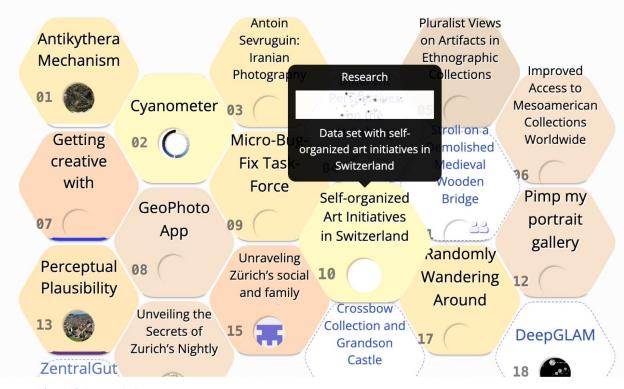


# GLAMhack 2024









lata.ch/project/222

# Mapping Self-Organization in the Arts/Wikidata



Content page Discussion Read Edit Edit source View history &

OS-ADM Project Calendar Training Guidelines Case studies Publishers DMP Reports Credits

The dataset of the research project has been uploaded on Wikidata during the GLAMHack 2024.

- Item on Wikidata about the research project d:Q129406103
- Iten on Wikidata about the research publication Q130250557

### Analysis of the data from the Website [edit | edit | source]

Data related to the art initiatives [edit | edit source]

Art initiatives - total number 713

Data available	Description	On Wikidata	Comments
Name	Name of the art initiative in different languages	Label	It could go on "title" but it requies the qualification of the langague
	Instance of	artist-run initiative	
Location	Canton	Country	Please note that several institutions move and change location
Self- description	How the institutions describe themselves. Quite long text, in German, French and English; there is a reference	Description requires a short text possible in several languages	Relevant text, not suitable for Wikidata, but it can be used for articles on Wikipedia if the institutions are notable (the texts always report the source)

- Item on Wikidata about the research project d:Q129406103
- Item on Wikidata about the research publication Q130250557

# <u>Publishers</u>

### Conversation with:

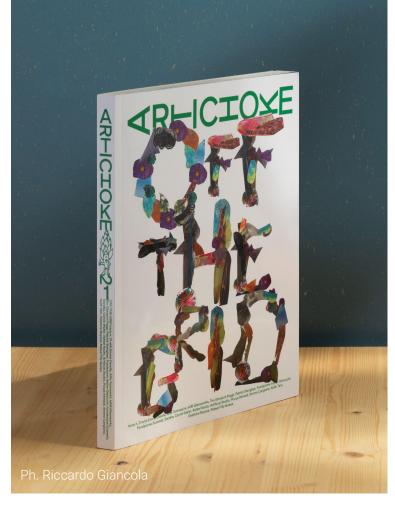
- Edizioni Casagrande
- MētisPresses
- Triest Verlag
- Current open access policy
- Successful or challenging case studies of open publications
- CC licences
- Impact of national open access strategy
- Collaboration with academia
- Business models, the present and near future of publishing
- Open access literacy
- Visibility and impact of open access
- Different open access roads
- Open access and images, video, art, design and music (i.e. third parties' content)
- Experiences with alternative forms of digital publications, multimedia publications or experimental formats

- Enriched digital publication: the digital edition is approached as an opportunity to explore alternative forms of publishing and add extra multimedia content not available in the printed version.
- Print and digital are the same
- Impoverished digital publication: the open access digital publication lacks some of the content that is only available in the printed edition. This is the case with digital versions featuring low resolution images or no images at all due to copyright issues.

# <u>Artichoke</u>

# Challenges:

- an experimental playground for students
- third-party copyrighted material and personal or sensitive
- awareness and familiarity with open access in students and the editorial team



ZHDK Open Access Week 2024 | October 22, 2024

# **Artichoke**

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# Implementation:

- Template for consent form
- Release with a CC BY-SA 4.0 license of a selection of articles and images
- Zenodo community



# Open Science for arts, design and music: Guidelines

- **1.** Welcome to open science!
  - Challenges in open science for arts design and music
  - Creative Commons licenses and copyright
- **2.** PLAN an open approach to research
  - Data Management Plan
  - FAIR principles (and CARE)
- **3.** ACCESS and (RE)USE third parties data
  - Open repositories for arts, design and music
  - Reuse of Creative Commons licensed works
  - Collaboration with GLAMs
  - Reuse content that is not openly available
  - Reuse user-generated content from social media and platforms
- **4.** PRODUCE open content
  - Doing research together
  - Artificial intelligence
  - Prepare data, resources and outputs for publication
  - Attribution and credits

- **5.** STORE your data
  - Overall criteria
  - Repositories for your data
- **6.** SHARE your research in open-access
  - The publishing lifecycle and the open access routes
  - Negotiating for open access
  - Choose your open access publication
  - Innovative publications
  - Social media
- **7.** FUND your research publication
  - How to fund open access
  - Comply with your funder's and institution's open access policies
- **8.** Sustainability
  - Sustainability scenarios: decide what to keep and how
  - Institutional good practices
- **9.** Checklists and templates

# open selence artsicesign afiel music