

MuseScoreSSMN Primer

Installing MuseScoreSSMN.

[Previous actions: installation of Jack Server (Start) and SSMN Engine; connection in qjack control MIDI window : mscore —> system_midi].

Initial configuration.

1. After downloading the latest version of *MuseScoreSSM at* http://blog.zhdk.ch/ssmn/software-2/, open the application.

- 2. Select the Preferences window (MuseScore-->Preferences...)
- 3. Select "I/O" (E/S) tab --> 'Periphérique' : replace 'Built-in Output' with 'JackRouter'.
- 4. Verify that 'Serveur JACK Audio' is selected.
- 5. Click on "Apply" and "OK"

***Tip: select "Show Play Panel" and "Show Navigator", deselect "Show MuseScore Connect".

***Hint: Changes in "Preferences" require quitting and restarting the application.

6. Quit MuseScoreSSMN.

<u>Creating and editing a score</u> (For basic user information of MuseScore, consult http://musescore.org/en/handbook)

- 1. Open MuseScoreSSMN; "File" --> "New"; create a new score; (alternately import your MusicXML file).
- 2. If using more than one staff (instrument), separate the staves to allow room for the spatialization symbols.
- 3. In the Palette panel select "Spatialization"; choose and drag a symbol to a note; when the symbol is anchored, for clarity, drag it into the margin above or below the staff.
- 4. In "View" select "Inspector" (F8); indicate desired parameter values (see *"Spatialization symbols & parameters"*)
- 5. When selecting notes or measures involved in a spatialized situation, the displacement location can be viewed in the "Radar" window

For Playback within the SSMN environment see "MuseScore & SSMN_ENGINE"

Spatialization symbols & parameters

--> Selecting a spatialization symbol-

- All spatialization symbols have a number of parameters that are configured in the "Inspector" dialog window.
- Spatialization symbols are selected in the Palette panel and dragged to an anchor point in the score (notes or rests).
- The Inspector window ["View > Inspector" (F8)] displays a dialog box associated to every symbol.
- Parameters common to all symbols are "Color", "Visible", as well as on-page placement "Offset X" and "Offset Y". Some symbols may require location points (start/end) expressed as XY or AD coordinates. Others may require a Center point, Radius, Direction, number of rotations, Start and End angles... The total duration of a trajectory (or placement in space) is determined either by the presence of a new symbol (at a later location), or by the use of the "end" – symbol.



The "Radar" window ["View > Show Radar" (8)] displays the location of the selection associated with chosen spatialization symbols.



--> Deleting a selected spatialization symbol.

- When using a standart keyboard, press on the "delete" key. For laptops, press "fnbackspace"
- --> Copying spatialization symbols

Spatialization symbols are copied individually and pasted at desired location.

--> OSC messages

OSC messages are anchored at desired location (notes or rests) and are defined as start/end messages.



MuseScore & SSMN_ENGINE

In the present version, playback of your MuseScoreSSMN composition is routed to the SSMN_Engine.

A default sample player "Aria Garritan Player" (opened in the SSMN_Engine window) will receive MIDI data and play the instruments selected by the user and the 'Play' functions can be activated from the same window as well.

0 \varTheta 🔿		SSMN_Engine	
	sşmr		Allegro (M.M. = c. 90) arco
load instr. default "aria- olug close instrum test-instrum	AC Driver Bus 1 +	Automat off rotate tempo random 2. crandom	front 0.4 0.2
IP Address DP-7 (27.0.1) Digital Performer OSC \$ IP: to_MuseScore port 52 (27.0.0.1) start / stop	midi-sync-start from Finale 2012 [AC Driver Bu.] : Select po 82 goto: bar nr.	open-audiotest close-speaker-setting storagewindow	eft 01 nght
vst_instr_aux	pain to_ambi	write	back
(to binaural (Off) to 5.1 (Off)	gain to 5.1	to 5.1 (Off) gain to 5.1	04 03 012



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Flute	\$ 1 sptp.		 -	- - - -
		0 1 /	-	
Oboe	6 4	0 0 0	p = = =	- - - -
	\sim		H O	Н
Bb Clarinet	\$#1 - Ip.	- -		- - - -
	××	\mathbf{X}	-	
Bassoon	9 4	0 0	p = = =	- - - -

Table of basic symbols

name of symbol	sub symbol	description	parameters
positioning	position		position
		 x	jitter
	alternate position	×	position A position B
			duration of alternation
		x	
Line	straight forward		duration
	(open)		start point [numerical]
			end point [numerical]
			repetition [numerical]
		7	acceleration [fixed-word-list]
			variation [fixed list]
			1.sine/triangle, sawtooth, square
			a. amp [numerical]
			b. freq [numerical: number of periods]
			2. jitter (noise)
			a. max space deviation [fixed list: 3
	studielt Communit		magnitudes: tight, medium, loose
	straight forward		duration
	& Dackward		start point [numerical]
	(closed)		renetition [numerical]
			repetition [numerical]
		1	variation [fixed list]
			1 sine/triangle sawtooth square
		1-	a amp [numerical]
			b freq [numerical: number of periods]
			2 jitter (noise)
			a. max space deviation [fixed list: 3
			magnitudes: tight, medium, loose]
circle	static center		duration
			center point
			radius
			starting angle
			end angle
		\sim	direction (cw, ccw)
			number of rotations
			variation
			1.sine/triangle, sawtooth, square
			a. amp [numerical]
			2 jitter (noise)
			a may space deviation [fixed list: 3
			magnitudes: tight medium loose]
	hack & forth		duration
			center point
			radius
			starting angle
			end angle
			direction (cw, ccw)
			number of rotations
			variation
		17-1-41 1	1.sine/triangle, sawtooth, square
			a. amp [numerical]
			b. freq [numerical: number of periods]
			2. jitter (noise)
			a. max space deviation [fixed list: 3
			magnitudes: tight, medium, loose]

	slinky	center point	duration
		moves constant	center point start
		and linear	center point end
			radius
		17	starting angle
			and angle
		n \\ //′	
		N2627	direction (cw, ccw)
			repetition
			variation
			1.sine/triangle, sawtooth, square
			a. amp [numerical]
			b. freq [numerical: number of periods]
			2 jitter (noise)
			2. Juice (holse)
			a. max space deviation [fixed list. 5
<i>(</i> 1 · ·)	0 1		magnitudes: tigni, medium, ioosej
curve (bezier)	forward		duration
			start point
			start point handle
			end point
			end point handle
			repetition
			acceleration
			variation
			1 sing/triangle sourcesthe square
			1.sine/triangle, sawtooti, square
			a. amp [numerical]
			b. freq [numerical: number of periods]
			2. jitter (noise)
			a. max space deviation [fixed list: 3
			magnitudes: tight, medium, loose]
	forward &		duration
	backward		start point
	Udekwalu		and point
			repetition
			acceleration
		Y 1	variation
		, ···	1.sine/triangle, sawtooth, square
			a. amp [numerical]
			b. freq [numerical: number of periods]
			2. jitter (noise)
			a max space deviation [fixed list: 3
			magnitudes: tight medium loose]
cnirol	contor to outor		duration
spirai			
	radius		outer angle
			outer radius
			acceleration
		\smile	direction (cw,ccw)
			n rotations
	outer radius to		duration
	center		outer angle
	center		outer radius
		(O)	
		``~~~^	acceleration
			rotation direction (cw,ccw)
			n rotations
	$in \ll out$		duration
			outer angle
			outer radius
		(1)	acceleration
			rotation direction (cw ccw)
			n rotations
			start (in ar out)
			start (III 01 001)
	-		1
osc message		OSC	any osc messages can be routed over port
osc message		OSC	any osc messages can be routed over port 5012.
osc message end marker		osc	any osc messages can be routed over port 5012. terminates the action of a previous

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